REPORT TO: Children, Young People & Families Policy &

Performance Board

DATE: 8th November 2021

REPORTING OFFICER: Strategic Director, People

PORTFOLIO: Children, Education & Social Care

SUBJECT: Childcare Sufficiency Assessment Review

Autumn 2021 – 2022 (CSA)

WARD(S) Borough-wide

1.0 **PURPOSE OF THE REPORT**

1.1 The report aims to provide a summary of the revised Childcare Sufficiency Assessment Report. It details any achievements since the last review and outlines Halton's current position. It also highlights any gaps in provision and how these are being addressed. The report shares the effects of how Covid-19 are impacting the childcare sector and identifies any potential sustainability concerns for some providers.

2.0 **RECOMMENDATION: That:**

i) Members approve the revised Childcare Sufficiency Assessment.

3.0 **BACKGROUND**

- 3.1 Sections 6 and 7 of 'The Childcare Act' (2006) and the associated statutory guidance: 'Early Education and Childcare Statutory guidance for local authorities' (March 2018), requires all Local Authorities in England to undertake and provide an annual childcare sufficiency report to elected council members on how they are meeting their duty to secure sufficient childcare and to make it available to the public.
- 3.2 In accordance with the above, Halton's Childcare Sufficiency Assessment (CSA) has been reviewed and updated. The purpose of the document is to:
 - Assist parents to find suitable childcare across the borough;
 - Help inform the Local Authority regarding supply and estimated demand for childcare places in all age ranges, in particularly for the Free Early Years Entitlement places;
 - Provide information for anyone who is considering setting up new childcare provision in the borough or becoming a

childminder.

4.0 ACHIEVEMENTS SINCE LAST CSA REVIEW

- 4.1 Since producing the last CSA Review, the following have been achieved:
 - The percentage of Day Nurseries with a good or better Ofsted outcome has remained at 100% (excluding two nurseries which has not been inspected yet-inspection was paused due to Covid);
 - We have increased the number of childminders who are able to deliver the Free Early Years Entitlement for 2, 3 and 4 year olds from 45 to 46;
 - We continue to fund an average of 540 funded 2 year old children per term;
 - From September 2017, 30 hours childcare was introduced for working parents. Currently 100% of day nurseries, 75% of preschools, 100% of nursery schools, 14% of nursery classes, 67% of nursery academies are offering the extended hours. This is in addition to the 46 childminders registered to deliver the FEYE for 15 or 30 hours
 - We have been able to secure sufficient, high quality childcare for all vulnerable children and children of critical worker parents/carers who required a place, during lockdown.

5.0 **SUMMARY OF CSA REVIEW**

- 5.1 The CSA provides the following information:
 - A brief introduction to the review, outlining it's purpose and rationale;
 - A description of the Halton context;
 - A statement about Safeguarding;
 - An update re the revised Early Years Foundation StageFramework;
 - Details of Halton's market segments and their characteristics;
 - Details of Halton's Early Years market, including;
 - the percentage of Free Early Years Entitlement places by sector;
 - the numbers of 3 & 4 year old places by setting type;
 - the number of early years settings;
 - Ofsted grades for all sectors;
 - The supply and estimated demand of childcare places;
 - A brief outline of Halton's SEND provision, Disability Access Fund (DAF) and Early Years Pupil Premium (EYPP);
 - Details of the affordability and flexibility of Halton's childcare, sustainability and staffing;
 - Rates of pay and flexibility

- An overview of the changes in childcare places since the last CSA and projected new places;
- Guidance around financial help with childcare costs;
- Details of any apparent gaps in provision and an action plan to show how these gaps will be met;
- Early indications of how the effects of Covid-19 are impacting childcare and sustainability in Halton.

6.0 **CURRENT POSITION**

- Overall, the Halton Childcare Sufficiency Assessment (CSA) Review 2021-2022 continues to reflect a vibrant, sufficient and high quality Early Years and Childcare market that delivers choice, high quality and affordable service to parents and carers. Halton as a borough has sufficient childcare places to meet demand.
- However, this review has been undertaken at a time when the Early Years Sector is under increasing pressure due to the Coronavirus pandemic. Although, early indications show that the sector remains sustainable at present, it is still too early to determine the full impact of Covid-19. This will need to be carefully monitored over the coming months.
- 6.3 The report does identify some gaps in provision at ward level, not borough level. These are as follows:
 - Widnes overall has a deficit of approximately 73 places for 0-2 vear olds.
 - Halton Brook CCRA has a deficit of approximately 30 places for funded 2 year olds.
 - Windmill Hill CCRA has a deficit of approximately 81 extended entitlement places and 16 places for out of school care for 5-10 year olds.
 - Kingsway CCRA has a deficit of approximately 60 places for funded 2 year olds.
 - Upton CCRA has a deficit of approximately 97 universal FEYE places, 68 places for Extended Hours and 8 places for out of school care for 5-10 year olds.

However, it is important to remember that parents do not always access childcare in the ward where they live and children do not always attend a school in the ward where they live.

With regards to the shortage of funded 2 year old places in Halton Brook CCRA, the Two Year Old Funding Officer reports that it has always been possible to find an alternative place in the area. Furthermore, if parents have requested a particular setting where there are no available spaces, they have been happy to wait for availability.

- With regards to the shortage of Universal places in the Windmill Hill CCRA, families are willing to travel to other wards for their FEYE. This may mean accessing a setting, which is outside the Windmill Hill CCRA or even out of the borough.
- 6.6 Concerning the shortage of out of School places in this area, local knowledge would support the fact that, in reality, no such shortage exists. In addition, the majority of primary schools offer after school activities, which parents may use as childcare.
- With regards to the shortage of funded 2 year old places in the Kingsway CCRA, a new nursery has recently opened in Farnworth Ward (summer 2021). Although this new nursery is not situated in the Kingsway CCRA, geographically it is located close by and parents may be willing to travel. Their current supply figures have been included in the tables, however, the nursery are classing themselves as only currently open for Phase One of their refurbishment. Phase Two, which should be completed in the near future, will include another building and will therefore increase overall capacity in the general Farnworth/Kingsway areas.
- The shortage of 3 & 4 year old FEYE places (both Universal and Extended) in the Upton CCRA would appear to be due to the expansion of new housing estates in that area. The new Day Nursery which has recently opened in Farnworth ward will help to alleviate the shortage of 3 and 4 year old places in the Upton RA.
- 6.9 An Action Plan is included in the CSA showing how the Local Authority will work with a range of partners to address the above gaps to ensure sufficiency.

7.0 **POLICY IMPLICATIONS**

7.1 Impact of Covid will continue to be monitored. Occupancy rates are lower than normal which is adding pressure and sustainability concerns to some providers. Loss of providers could in the future impact on sufficiency, although will depend on whether demand also continues to reduce due to more home working and changes in working patterns as a result of Covid. Sufficiency strategies may need revisions in future depending upon whether such changes become permanent.

8.0 FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

8.1 Currently none identified, but some providers are facing challenges of sufficiency due to reduction in occupancy; less staffing flexibility; increased cleaning and equipment costs due to Covid making some financially vulnerable.

9.0 IMPLICATIONS FOR THE COUNCIL'S PRIORITIES

Close working with the sector will continue to monitor demand and supply with uptake and changing demographics and falling birth rates.

9.1 Children & Young People in Halton

Research has proven that the earliest years of a child's life are crucial to their development for laying the foundations of success at school and in later life. In Halton, we want to ensure we have high quality childcare available for all parents or carers that need it, in all age ranges. The Family and Childcare Trust Childcare Survey (2018) states: 'Childcare supports parents to work, keeps valuable skills in the workforce, helps children do better at school and can narrow the gap between disadvantaged children and their peers'.

9.2 Employment, Learning & Skills in Halton

High quality childcare which results in children experiencing success within education will increase training and employment opportunities for pupils and students.

9.3 **A Healthy Halton**

Raising children's achievements through access to affordable and sustainable early years childcare provision will have a positive impact on the emotional health and wellbeing of challenging pupils and students. Access to quality provision also plays a key role in the early development of language and communication skills which are essential to future learning, vocabulary development and access to the wider curriculum and developing and maintaining relationships

9.4 A Safer Halton

None identified

9.5 Halton's Urban Renewal

None identified

10.0 **RISK ANALYSIS**

10.1 Raising children's achievements through access to affordable and sustainable early years childcare should reduce incidents of challenging behaviour.

11.0 **EQUALITY AND DIVERSITY ISSUES**

11.1 Raising children's achievements through access to affordable and sustainable early years childcare provision should ensure that all children are able to receive timely support and intervention, thereby reducing inequalities in life chances.

12.0 LIST OF BACKGROUND PAPERS UNDER SECTION 100D OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1972

Document	Place of Inspection	Contact Officer
The Childcare Act 2006	www.legislation.gov.uk	Operational Director – Education Inclusion and Provision & Operational Director Resources
Early Education and Childcare – Statutory Guidance for Local Authorities (March 2018)	www.gov.uk	Operational Director – Education Inclusion and Provision & Operational Director Resources